Statement-II

Composition of Central Board for the Prevention and Control of Water pollution:—

(a) a full-time Chairman, being a person having special knowledge or practical experience in respect of matters relating to the use and conservation of water resources or the prevention and control of water pollution or a person having knowledge and experience m administering institutions dealing with the matters aforesaid, to be nominated by the Central Government;

(b) five officials to be nominated by the Central Government to represent that Government;

(c) such number of persons, not exceeding five, to be nominated by the Central Government, from amongst the members of the State Boards, af whom not exceeding two shall be from those referred to in clause (c) of sub-seetion (20 of section4;

(d) three non-officials to be nominated by the Central Government, to represetnt the interests of agriculture, fishery or industry or trade or any other interest which, in the opinion of the Central Government, ought to be represented;

(e) two persons to represent the companies or corporations owned, controlled or managed by the Central Government, to be nominated by that Government;

"(f) a full-time member-secretary, possessing qualifications, knowledge and experience of scientific, engineering or management aspects of pollution control, to be appointed by the Central Government".

Central Board for the prevention and control of Air Pollution:

The Central Board for the Prevention and Control of Water pollution constituted under Section 3 of the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, (6 of 1974) shall, without prejudice to the exercise and performance of its

102 RS^7.

powers and functions under that Act, exercise the powers and perform the functions of the Central Board for the Prevention and Control of Air Pollution under this Act.

NOTE:—The name of the organisation may be read as Central Pollution Control Board in place of Central Board for the Prevention and Control of Water Pollution.

Use of oxygen pouches to eliminate the eSects of air pollution

3600. SHRI ANAND PRAKASH GAUTAM: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of use of oxygen pouches in Japan to eliminate the effects of air pollution;

(b) whether it is fact that the Chief Executive Councillor, Delhi Administration, has moved the idea of using these pouches in the Capital by manufacturing them in collaboration with Japan as reported in the Times of India of the 20th February, 1989; and

(c) if so, what is Government's reaction thereto and whether pouches will be distributed to the public free of cost?

THE MINISTER FOR ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRl Z. R. ANSARI); (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c) The Chief Executive Councillor, Delhi Administration has suggested use of such oxygen pouches as protection against the air pollution in Delhi. The Delhi Administration will decide on this issue after getting detailg from Japan.

Bills pending for President's assent

3601. SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVTYA; Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Bills passed by the State Assemblies have P*en pending with the Central Government for the President's assent;

(b) if so, the details thereof Statewise and since when and the reasons therefor;

(c) whether it is a fact that some of the Bills have been pending for more than eight years; and

(d) if so, the details thereof and the reasons for the delay in obtaining President's assent?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRl BUTA SINGH): (a) and (b) The information sought is given in the attached statement *[See* Appendix CXLDC, Annexure No. 182].

(c) No Bill is pending fpr over eight years for obtaining the President's assent.

(d) Does not arise.

राष्ट्रपति की स्वीकृति के लिए लम्बित पड़ा विधेयक

3602. श्री सत्य प्रकाश मालवीय : क्या गृह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या हरियाणा सरकार ने विश्वविद्यालयों के कुलपति की नियुक्ति करने की शक्ति को राज्य सरकार में निहित किये जाने के संबंध में एक विधेयक राष्ट्रपति की स्वीकृति के लिए भेजा था, यदि हां, तो कब ; और

(ख) क्या उस विधेयक पर राष्ट्रपति द्वारा स्वीकृति दे दी गयी है, यदि नहीं, तो इसमें विलम्ब होने के क्या कारण हैं?

गृह मंत्री (श्री बूटा सिंह) : (क) विश्वविद्यालयों के कुलपति की नियुक्ति करने की शक्ति को राज्य सरकार में निहित किए जाने के संबंध में अभी तक कोई विधेयक प्राप्त नहीं हुआ है।

(ख) प्रश्न नहीं उठता।

प्रधानमंत्री की उत्तर प्रदेश की यात्राएं

3603. श्री सत्य प्रकाश मालवीय : क्या गृह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) 1987, 1988 और 1989 के वर्षों के दौरान प्रधान मंत्री ने उत्तर प्रदेश में किन-किन स्थानों की यात्रा की और ये यात्राएं कितनी बार कीं;

(ख) इनमें से कितनी यात्राएं सरकारी, निजी या राजनीतिक यात्राओं के रूप में वर्गीकृत की गयीं; और

(ग) इन यात्राओं पर केन्द्रीय और राज्य सरकार द्वारा, अलग-अलग कुल कितनी धनराशि खर्च की गयी?

गृह मंत्री (श्री बूटा सिंह) : (क) और (ख) एक विवरण संलग्न है **(नीचे देखिये)**

(ग) प्रधानमंत्री दौरे के लिए भारतीय वायुसेना का एयर-क्राफ्ट इस्तेमाल करते हैं। निजी उद्देश्यों के लिए की गयी यात्राओं के लिए निर्धारित दरों पर वसूली की जाती है। जब प्रधान मंत्री राज्यों का दौरा करते हैं तो उनकी सुरक्षा और कानून और व्यवस्था बनाए रखने के प्रबन्ध राज्य सरकारें करती हैं। इन मुद्दों पर राज्य सरकारों द्वारा किए गए व्यय के बारे में सूचना केन्द्र सरकार द्वारा संकलित नहीं की जाती है।